Elisha: Trusting God's Promises (2 Kings 13:14-20) Truth to Power (Part 9)

THE BIG IDEA

God sometimes gives us signs to assure us of God's promises and to invite us to have faith.

OPENING

• Describe an object that has special significance in your life.

DIGGING DEEPER

- Read 2 Kings 13:10-11. How does the Bible describe King Jehoash?¹ Why does it describe him this way?
- What does Jehoash say to Elisha in v. 14? Compare this with 2 Kings 2:12. What do you think this phrase means?
- The arrows in this story serve as "sacramental signs." A sacrament is "An outward sign instituted by God to convey an inward or spiritual grace." Jesus instituted two formal sacraments: Baptism and the Lord's Supper. However, other objects, though they are not formal sacraments, can be used by God as sacramental signs. What is the inward spiritual grace conveyed by the arrows in this story?

³The Roman Catholic Church and the Anglican Church both have five additional sacraments: Confession, Marriage, Ordination, Anointing of the Sick, and Confirmation.



¹Some translations translate Jehoash's name as Joash.

²D. McKim, *The Westminster Dictionary of Theological Terms* (Westminster John Knox Press, 2014), p. 276

- How do the following objects convey a spiritual grace?
 - a. The rainbow in Genesis 6:9-14
 - b. Circumcision in Genesis 17:11
 - c. The burning bush in Exodus 3:2-3
 - d. The pilar of fire and cloud Exodus 13:21-22
 - e. The bronze serpent in Numbers 21:6-9

PUTTING IT TO WORK

- Spend time this week preparing your heart for Communion next Sunday. Ask God to ready your soul to be nourished by God's grace and assured of God's promises.
- Identify an object that God has used as a sacramental sign in your life. Place that
 object in a prominent place that you will see each day. Each time you see the
 object, pray a brief prayer of gratitude to God for that object.

PRAYER REQUESTS